

LOCTITE[®] 4304™

December 2008

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

LOCTITE[®] 4304[™] provides the following product characteristics:

| Technology | Cyanoacrylate/UV |
|----------------------|--|
| Chemical Type | Ethyl cyanoacrylate with photoinitiator |
| Appearance (uncured) | Transparent, light yellow-green to dark blue-green liquid ^{LMS} |
| Components | One part - requires no mixing |
| Viscosity | Low |
| Cure | Ultraviolet (UV)/ visible light |
| Secondary Cure | Humidity |
| Application | Bonding |
| Key Substrates | Plastics, Rubbers and Metals |

LOCTITE[®] 4304™ is designed for bonding applications that require very rapid fixturing, fillet cure or surface cure. The UV light cure properties facilitate rapid curing of exposed surface areas thereby minimizing blooming and providing an alternative to solvent borne accelerators. Suitable for use in the assembly of **disposable medical devices**.

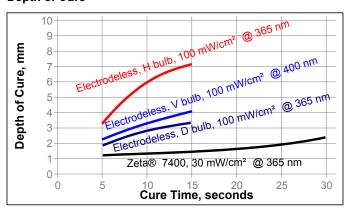
ISO-10993

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

Specific Gravity @ 25 °C 1.07
Flash Point - See MSDS
Viscosity, Cone & Plate, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):
PHYSICA MK22 @ 3,000 s-1 10 to 35^{LMS}

TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Primary Cure Mechanism, UV Depth of Cure



Tack Free Time / Surface Cure

Tack Free Time is the time in seconds required to achieve a tack free surface

UV/Visible Light Sources:

Electrodeless, V bulb:

100 mW/cm² , measured @ 400 nm ≤5

Electrodeless, H bulb:

30 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm ≤10 lms

100 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm ≤5

Electrodeless, D bulb:

100 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm ≤5

Zeta® 7400:

30 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm ≤5

Effect of Substrate Transparency and Light Source

 $\rm Zeta^{\it @}$ 7400, 30 mW/cm² , measured @ 365 nm, for 10 seconds Electrodeless, V bulb, 100 mW/cm² , measured @ 400 nm for 10 seconds

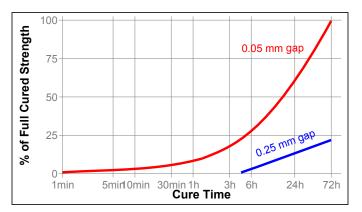
Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445

| Material | Bulb | Post UV Cu | ıre | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-----|----------------|-----------------|
| UV Blocking Polycarbonate | Zeta [®] 7400 | 2 minutes 22 °C | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 12.0 (1,740) |
| | Zeta [®] 7400 | 24 hours 22 °C | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 17.4 (2,525) |
| | Electrodele ss, V bulb | | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 16.3 (2,365) |
| | Electrodele ss, V bulb | | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 15.5 (2,250) |
| UV Transmitting Polycarbonate | Zeta [®] 7400 | 2 minutes 22 °C | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 14.4 (2,090) |
| | Zeta [®] 7400 | 24 hours 22 °C | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 18.2 (2,640) |
| | Electrodele ss, V bulb | | @ | N/mm² (psi) | 16.4 (2,380) |
| | Electrodele ss, V bulb | | @ | N/mm² (psi) | |



Secondary Cure Mechanism, Humidity Cure speed vs. gap

UV transmitting acrylic blocks (non UV cure)



Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at 22 °C / 50 % relative humidity. This is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm². Fixture time measurements relate to non-UV cure.

Fixture Time, seconds:

| ABS | 5 to 10 |
|----------------------------|----------|
| Acrylic | 10 to 20 |
| Aluminum (etched) | ≤5 |
| Neoprene | ≤5 |
| Phenolic | 60 to 75 |
| Polycarbonate | 10 to 20 |
| Polyethylene | ≥300 |
| Polyethylene (Primer 770) | ≤5 |
| Polypropylene | ≥300 |
| Polypropylene (Primer 770) | ≤5 |
| PVC | 70 to 85 |
| Steel (grit blasted) | 30 to 45 |

TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

Cured @ 100 mW/cm², measured @ 400 nm for 10 seconds per side, using an Electrodeless system, V bulb, plus 24 hours post cure @ 22 °C

Physical Properties:

| 7 | | |
|---|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, | | 73.9×10 ⁻⁶ |
| ISO 11359-2, K ⁻¹ | | |
| Glass Transition Temperature, ASTM E 22 | 8, °C | 106 |
| Volume Shrinkage, ASTM D 792, % | | 12.8 |
| Shore Hardness, ISO 868, Durometer D | | 72 |
| Elongation, at break, ISO 527-3, % | | 9 |
| Tensile Strength, at break, ISO 527-3 | N/mm ² | 36 |
| - | (psi) | (5,220) |
| Tensile Modulus, ISO 527-3 | N/mm ² | 1,630 |
| | (psi) | (237.000) |

Cured @ 100 mW/cm2, measured @ 365 nm, for 10 secondsper side using an Electrodeless system, V bulb plus 24 hours @ 22 °C, (Cured sheets 0.63 mm thick)

Electrical Properties:

| Dielectric Breakdown Strength, IEC 60243-1, kV/mm | 33 |
|--|-----------------------|
| Surface Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω | 1.70×10 ¹⁵ |
| Volume Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω·cm | 6.43×10 ¹⁵ |

Dielectric Constant / Dissipation Factor, IEC 60250:

| 0.1 kHz | 4.01 / 0.039 |
|---------|--------------|
| 1 kHz | 3.73 / 0.041 |
| 10 kHz | 3 55 / 0 037 |

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL Adhesive Properties

Cured for 72 hours @ 22 °C (non-UV cure)

| Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445: | | |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------|
| ABS | N/mm² | 34 |
| | (psi) | (4,930) |
| Acrylic | N/mm² | 13 |
| | (psi) | (1,885) |
| Aluminum (etched) | N/mm² | 18 |
| | (psi) | (2,610) |
| Neoprene | N/mm² | 0.7 |
| | (psi) | (100) |
| Phenolic | N/mm² | 7 |
| | (psi) | (1,015) |
| Polycarbonate | N/mm² | 29 |
| | (psi) | (4,205) |
| Polyethylene | N/mm² | 0.4 |
| | (psi) | (60) |
| Polypropylene | N/mm² | 0.4 |
| | (psi) | (60) |
| PVC | N/mm² | 33 |
| | (psi) | (4,785) |
| Steel (grit blasted) | N/mm² | 18 |

Cured @ 30 mW/cm2, measured @ 365 nm, for 10 seconds

(psi)

(2,610)

Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445:

≥9^{LMS} Polycarbonate N/mm² $(\geq 1,305)$ (isq)

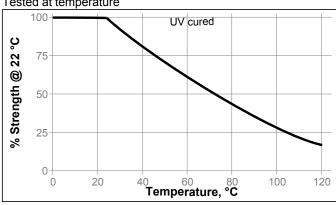
TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

Cured @ 30 mW/cm2, measured @ 365 nm, for 10 seconds using a Zeta® 7400 light source plus 24 hours post cure @ 22 °C Block Shear Strength, ISO 13445:

Polycarbonate

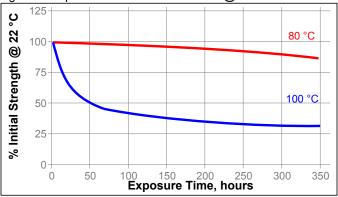
Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

| | | % of initial strength | | | |
|-------------------------|----|-----------------------|-------|-------|--|
| Environment | °C | 24 h | 170 h | 500 h | |
| Motor oil (MIL-L-46152) | 22 | 110 | 105 | 110 | |
| Water | 22 | 105 | 110 | 110 | |
| Isopropanol | 22 | 115 | 110 | 120 | |
| Humidity, 100% RH | 40 | 115 | 130 | 160 | |

Effects of Sterilization

In general, products similiar in composition to LOCTITE[®] 4304[™] subjected to standard sterilization methods, such as EtO and Gamma Radiation (25 to 50 kiloGrays cumulative) show excellent bond strength retention. LOCTITE[®] 4304[™] maintains bond strength after 1 cycle of steam autoclave. It is recommended that customers test specific parts after subjecting them to the perferred sterilization method. Consult with Loctite[®] for a product recommendation if your device will see more than 3 sterilization cycles.

GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS).

Directions for use:

- This product is light sensitive; exposure to daylight, UV light and artificial lighting should be kept to a minimum during storage and handling.
- For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
- 3. This product performs best in thin bond gaps (0.05 mm).
- 4. Excess adhesive can be dissolved with Loctite cleanup solvents, nitromethane or acetone.

Loctite Material Specification^{LMS}

LMS dated November 17, 2004. Test reports for each batch are available for the indicated properties. LMS test reports include selected QC test parameters considered appropriate to specifications for customer use. Additionally, comprehensive controls are in place to assure product quality and consistency. Special customer specification requirements may be coordinated through Henkel Quality.

Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location. Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties. Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container. Henkel Corporation cannot assume responsibility for product which has been contaminated or stored under conditions other than those previously indicated. If additional information is required, please contact your local Technical Service Center or Customer Service Representative.

Conversions

 $(^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}F$ $kV/mm \times 25.4 = V/mil$ mm / 25.4 = inches $\mu m / 25.4 = mil$ $N \times 0.225 = lb$ $N/mm \times 5.71 = lb/in$ $N/mm^2 \times 145 = psi$ $MPa \times 145 = psi$ $N \cdot m \times 8.851 = lb \cdot in$ $N \cdot m \times 0.738 = lb \cdot ft$ $N \cdot mm \times 0.742 = oz \cdot in$ $mPa \cdot s = cP$

Note

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Reference 2.2